

March 18, 2018
Series: Love Like Confetti
Part 3: Pray for One Another
Travis Brawner

1. Romans 3:10 says, “There is no one righteous, not even one.” James 5:16 says, “The prayer of a righteous man is powerful.” How can this be reconciled so that Christians who know they are sinners feel like they can pray powerful prayers?
(Romans 5:17 says that through Christ, God has given us the gifts of grace and righteousness.)

2. How did you learn to pray?

3. Jesus said, “Pray like this” and gave us what is called the Lord’s Prayer. Travis said there are four components of prayer found in that prayer, easily remembered with the acronym ACTS. What do those letters stand for?
(Acknowledgement, Confession, Thanksgiving, Supplication)

4. How do the first three of the four help us to be able to say, “Thy will be done,” when we come to supplication?

5. Do you think most people pray, “Thy will be done”? How does this prayer show spiritual maturity?

6. Who prays for you? In what way has this changed your life?

7. Some people speak of “Prayer Warriors.” Not to take away from people who intercede diligently in prayer, where did Travis say the main power of prayer comes from?
(The One to whom we pray.)

8. In what way has your life been changed because of prayer? When has God made himself known to you through answered prayer?

9. What kinds of things could hinder our prayers?

10. Travis gave scriptural examples of God changing things in three ways: Ordinary (visitors to Paul), Extraordinary (Elijah and the rain), and Miraculous (Paul raising Tabitha from the dead). How has it seemed God answered your prayers in any or all of these ways.

11. Read Colossians 1:9-12 and list all the things Paul prayed for. Do these seem as important as physical needs we often pray for? Have you ever interceded for others with these prayers? Which ones? Why are the things Paul prays for so important?

12. Explain why some consider a main function of prayer to be fellowship with God?